THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1774. THE NUMBER 420.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

OPEN TO ALL PARTIES, BUT INFLUENCED BY NONE.

WILLIAMSBURG: PRINTED BY CLEMENTINA RIND.

All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year. ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Time after; long ones in Proportion.——PRINTING WORK, of every Kind, executed with Care and Dispatch.

CARRIAGES of various sorts and prices to be sold by ELKANAH DEANE, coachmaker, at his shop in Palace street, Williamsburg, who makes all kinds of coaches, chariots, postchaises, phætons, curricles, chairs, and chaises, with harness of every sort. Carriages of every kind are repaired, painted, gilded, and japanned, in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms, for cash. Gentlemen or ladies residing in the country, by sending their commands to said Deane, may depend on being well used, and their commands executed with the greatest care and dispatch. He returns his unfeigned thanks to those gentlemen and ladies who have favoured him with their custom, and is determined to make it his study to please all who are kind enough to employ him. ——Being in want of a few more JOURNEYMEN, he will give the following prices, provided they are good hands: For every chair body, single or double, according to my directions, I will give four pounds, for every chair carriage eighteen shillings, for every pair of wheels 22 shillings, and so in proportion for all other work. I would willingly take too or three apprentices who have been genteelly brought up, and tolerably educated; no others need apply.—Said Deane has some choice brandy, gin, rum, and several kind of cordials; such as annifeed water, orange ditto, clove ditto, allfours, cherry brandy, and rasberry ditto; all which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for cash, to those who will take a quantity.

GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, &c. To the sheriff of Hampshire county, greeting: We command you that you summon Charles Lynch to appear before the justices of our said county court of chancery on the second Tuesday of next month, to answer a bill in chancery, exhibited against him and Abraham Hite, gentlemen, by Matthey Bush, of the city of Philadelphia, and province of Pennsylvania; and this he shall in no wise omit, under the penalty of 100l. and have then there this writ. Witness Gabriel Jones, clerk of our said court, this 14th day of April, in the 14th year of our reign. 3 GABRIEL JONES.

THE subscriber, of Sussex county, being under the disagreeable necessity of taking this method of acquainting the public that his wife Sarah Northington has left his bed and board, therefore forewarns all persons from trusting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting.

May 5, 1774. SAMUEL NORTHINGTON.

I HAVE for sale 481 acres of land adjoining the lands of James Bates, deceased, on Skiminoe creek, in York county. The land is very convenient to Williamsburg, to three parish churches, quakers meetinghouse, several gristmills, two warehouses, and a navigable landing. It is well timbered with oak suitable for framing, scantling, fire wood, and fencing. This land joins Fleming Bates, who will shew the same to any person inclinable to purchase; and I do authorize the said Fleming Bates to sell the same, and will abide by whatever agreement he may make. 2* JOHN BATES.

To be SOLD, on the 6th day of June, at the late dwellinghouse of Mr. Robinson Daingerfield, deceased, in King & Queen county,

ALL the household and kitchen furniture, most of which are very good, a parcel of good books, a large and small microscope, and a perspective glass, with views. Twelve months credit will be given for all sums above forty shillings, on giving bond, with good security; those bonds that are not paid off at the day to carry interest from the date.

THOMAS LOWRY, } administrators.
2* W. DAINGERFIELD, }

JUST arrived in York river, the Brilliant, Captain Miller, from London, with a choice healthy indented SERVANTS, the sale of which will begin at Richmond town on Wednesday the 25th of May; among which are the following tradesmen, viz. blacksmiths, brasiers, edgetool makers, bricklayers and plasterers, shoemakers, stone masons, carpenters, joiners and cabinetmakers, cloth weavers, stocking weavers, barbers and perukemakers, gardeners, farmers, labourers and husbandmen, book-keepers and schoolmasters, tailors, silkdyers, bakers, painters, leatherdressers, sawyers, butchers, a steward, groom, surgeon, &c. I will sell them very cheap, for ready money, or tobacco; and for those on credit, bond and security will be required.

THOMAS SMITH.

NORFOLK, April 21, 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of vessels will be wanted this summer to bring about 6000 tons of stone from Mr. Brooke's quarry, on Rappahannock, and land the same on Cape Henry, for the lighthouse. Any person inclinable to engage in such work are desired to treat with Matthew Phripp, Paul Loyall, and Thomas Newton, junior, esquires. The directors of the lighthouse will also be glad to purchase one or two flat bottomed vessels from 80 to 120 tons burthen.

tf BASSETT MOSELEY.

FOR SALE, AND VERY CHEAP,

A PLANTATION in good order for cropping, none of the land having been cleared above six years, with all necessary houses, quite new, together with 1500 acres of exceeding rich land, the soil of which is so good that it will bring large tobacco for five or six years without dung. I have made on this plantation above three thousand pounds of tobacco per share. The place is very healthy, and has a fine range for stock. This land lies in the lower end of Buckingham county, near to Appomattox river, on each side of Great Ducker's and Mayo creeks. Tobacco has been carried above this land near to Petersburg by water, and last month, in the dry weather, two canoe loads of wheat were carried near to Petersburg, and the canoes brought back; they were loaded but a little below this land. I make no doubt but Appomattox river will be soon cleared, and then the expence of sending wheat, tobacco, &c. will be trifling. Any person inclinable to purchase will see, by the produce of the land, that it is exceeding rich. I really do not know any better high land in the colony. This tract of land is well timbered, and has excellent water on it. I do not know a better place for a merchant mill than is on Ducker's creek. People are going much on raising wheat in these parts, and a good mill would be very advantageous to the owner. Also another tract of land of 126 acres, in Albemarle county, I believe about ten miles from the courthouse, joining Mr. James Harris and the quarters of Mr. John Winston. On this land is a small plantation, a good apple orchard, &c. The land is good, and my price so low, that I am convinced any person who viewed either of the above tracts of land would not hesitate to give the price I shall ask. Neither of these tracts are under any incumbrance whatsoever. A reasonable time of payment will be allowed.

tf ANTHONY WINSTON.

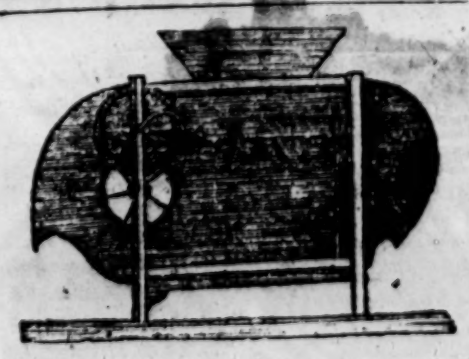
ESSEX county, April 2, 1774.

IN consequence of the death of Mr. James Campbell of Essex, who was acting attorney for Messieurs John, William, and James M'Call, M'Call and Elliott, and M'Call, Elliott, and Snodgrass, in the business formerly under the management of Mr. William Snodgrass, we have received from his executors the books and papers of said companies, and have put them into the hands of Mr. James Gordon to collect. We therefore earnestly request all indebted to those concerns to pay off immediately, as no further indulgence can be given. Mr. James Gordon will reside in Tappahannock, and will attend Essex, Middlesex, Gloucester, and King and Queen courts.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL,
6 JOHN SNODGRASS.

FOR SALE,

TWO thousand acres of exceeding fine LAND for tobacco, wheat, or Indian corn, lying on both sides of Bull Run, in Loudoun and Prince William; about 300 acres of it are rich low ground and meadow land. It lies within 4 miles of two merchant mills, and about 10 miles of two other merchant mills in Loudoun, 30 miles from Colchester, Alexandria, and Dumfries. If any person or persons incline to purchase the whole or any part of the said lands, they may be shewn them, and know the terms, by applying to Capt. Francis Peyton, in Loudoun county, who has full power to treat for the same, or to the subscriber. It may be laid off in lots of two, three, or four hundred acres (as may best suit the purchasers) with an equal quantity of low ground and meadow land to each lot. ROBERT BURWELL.



DUTCH FANS,

FOR cleaning wheat or any other kind of grain, are made and sold by ADAM EKART, in Market street, Philadelphia. Likewise rolling screens, sieves for sifting iron ore, &c. warranted of the best make; also all sorts of wire-work, for cleaning wheat, barley, rye, flax seed, Indian corn, oats, or any other kind of grain, and wire short-cloths for millers. The same to be had of captain Matthew Phripp, in Norfolk.

WANTED for the lighthouse directors eight second-hand ANCHORS, nearly a thousand weight each. Any person having such for sale are desired to make their terms known to the subscriber in Norfolk.

t. f. BASSETT MOSELEY.

Just imported from London, *and sold by the subscriber, at her store opposite the* Raleigh *in* Williamsburg,

A WELL chosen assortment of the neatest GOODS, consisting of fine thread and blond lace, white sattin and lustring, blue sattin and sarsnet petticoats, white ditto for weddings, sattin and queen silk shoes, muslin, gauze, catgut, and wire, worked linen, ribbands, plain and ribbed, silk, cotton, and thread stockings, small ditto for children, patent net aprons, equal in beauty to joining lace, silk gloves and mits, roles and curls, tambour sword knots, boys beaver and lustar caps, ladies riding hats, feathers, and whips, childrens sashes and stays, a large quantity of Didsbury shoes, sheneel, fine chip and cane hats, fans, cloaks, gauze handkerchiefs, purses, bags and puffs, purl for work, tureen, pump, and pap ladles, stone, silver, gilt, and pinchbeck, both shoe and knee buckles, paste, garnet, gold, and black, stock ditto, India plate salts, ditto snuffers and snuffpans, silver teaspoons, teatongs, and saltshovels, ditto coral and bells, paste, marcasite, pearl, and bead, necklaces and earrings, gold wires, silver bowed sciffars, and silver tipped sheaths, lancet cases, watch chains and keys, combs, pocketbooks, and etwee cases, freemason and other broaches, paste sprigs and pins, tooth brushes, fine Irish wafers, sword canes, and penknives, black bags and roses, black pins, stay hooks, thimbles, silver shoe clasps, fruit knives, dolls and other toys, with many other articles too numerous to insert; all to be sold on reasonable terms, for ready money only, by

C. RATHELL.

*** At the same place may be had an exceeding fine SILVER WATCH, capped, which runs on diamonds, and a GOLD WATCH, with gold hands, and an engraved case.

To be SOLD, by the subscriber, at Stafford courthouse, on the 2d Monday in June next, if fair, otherwise the first fair day,

THREE tracts of land, adjoining each other, and lying in Stafford county, on Potowmack creek; on one of which is a very commodious tavern, and other necessary houses, garden, &c. within a few yards of the courthouse. The situation is very advantageous for a publican's business, and remarkable for fish and fowl. Fifteen acres of the land were laid down in timothy about four years ago, and there are near 40 acres of marsh, which might be easily reclaimed, and at a small expence. Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

5 GEORGE DENT, junior.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from my plantation near this place, last night, two servant men, named George and John Allen, very lately imported in the Justitia, consigned to Mr. Thomas Hodge, at Leeds town. George is a likely young fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, stoops much, and is remarkably round shouldered; had on when he went away a dark coloured bearskin jacket and breeches, and a small round hat with a black ribband and buckle. John is brother to George, slender made, and two inches under his size; had on the same sort of clothes, only a pair of old shoes cut open at the toes. Any person who will apprehend the said servants, and secure them so that I may get them, shall be entitled to the above reward; and all persons are hereby forewarned, as they may probably pretend to pass for sailors, from carrying them out of the country. THOMAS MONTGOMERIE.

DUMFRIES, April 25. 4

STRAYED, or stolen, from the subscriber, in Williamsburg, on Sunday the 1st of May, a white mare, about 13 hands one or two inches high, with a hanging mane and tail, paces and gallops, one of her hips rather higher than the other. I bought her of one William Archer, from Louisa county. I do not recollect that she has any brand. Whoever brings the said mare to me shall be well rewarded for their trouble, and all reasonable charges paid. JOHN HOLT.

FOR SALE,

And to be ENTERED upon at CHRISTMAS next,

A VERY valuable tract of LAND in King William county, on Pamunkey river, adjoining the land of the late Mr. John Smith, of Hanover county, deceased, containing 800 acres, more or less, the soil is very rich, and exceedingly well adapted for wheat, corn, or tobacco, particularly the first and second, being low grounds; and there is a considerable quantity of high grounds. It has plenty of good pine and oak timber upon it, convenient houses, and is in good order for cropping, is about two miles from Hanover town, and very convenient to church and two mills. Any person inclinable to purchase may be shewn the land by applying to Mr. Christopher Taliaferro, or Mr. William Jones, who resides near the same, and the terms may be also known by applying to these gentlemen, or to the subscriber.

tf THOMAS JONES.

The REMAINDER *of* ACADEMICUS.

A BATCHELOR of arts, of three years ſtanding, might be entitled to a maſter's degree, without attending any part of this time at college, provided he ever teſtified a proper reſpect for it, and ſuſtained a good moral character. This indulgence would be neceſſary in an infant country, where the majority are but illy able to ſupport their ſons at a college for any great number of years.

Were this or ſome ſimilar mode of education adopted, I am perſuaded that the college of William and Mary would, in a few years, rival any literary inſtitution in the world. This at leaſt is certain, that its reputation would not, as it does at preſent, depend ſo much on the idle and diſſolute, who may chance to ſpend ſome time in it; but from ſuch only as had gone through a regular courſe of ſtudies, and had been dignified with the honours of the college, would its character be taken.

The charter very properly appoints two profeſſors of divinity; the one to read with the ſtudents the ſcriptures in the original languages, the other to give lectures upon the controverted points of theology. To thoſe who have any regard for religion, the importance of theſe two profeſſorſhips muſt be very evident. Were the deſign of them attended to as it ought, what advantages might we not expect to reap from them! Inſtead of clergymen, who can ſcarcely conſtrue a ſentence of Greek, whoſe utmoſt reading extends not beyond Burnet and Pearſon (I mean not to reflect upon theſe gentlemen, I lament their want of opportunity for greater improvement) our church would be ſupplied with men ſkilled in the original languages of our ſacred writings, well furniſhed with arguments in defence of chriſtianity, and thoroughly acquainted with its doctrines and precepts; and to render them thus uſeful ſeems to be much in the power of the viſitors. They have already paſſed a ſtatute entitling a ſtudent of this college, who enters into holy orders, to a certain ſum of money. They might make his attending lectures in divinity, for ſuch a term as might be thought proper, a neceſſary condition; and to enable him to continue at college the term preſcribed, a few fellowſhips might be eſtabliſhed, and given to ſuch as had taken a batchelor of arts degree, and intended to enter into the church.

It might conduce ſtill more to the advancement of learning in the colony if the charter were enlarged, and profeſſorſhips of law and phyſic eſtabliſhed. A fuller conſideration, however, of this matter, I ſhall defer to ſome future time, having already exceeded the limits which I had aſſigned to this paper.

ACADEMICUS.

To ACADEMICUS.

SIR,

IT is with pleaſure that I read every ingenious propoſal for the advancement of literature, and the improvement of our college. The object is ſuch as muſt neceſſarily engage the attention of every one who regards the improvement of the mind. But as a miſunderſtanding, and conſequently a miſrepreſentation, of the preſent mode of education, can be of no ſervice to ſo laudable a deſign, I muſt beg leave to rectify a few miſtakes, which, I doubt not, took its origin from ignorance, rather than maliciouſneſs. Your zeal has certainly ſomewhat outgone your knowledge; but that is a defect too common in human nature to be much complained of. In pointing out the *great imperfection*, you have unluckily made a very great blunder. The ſtudents have no ſuch liberty as you mention, of attending what lectures they pleaſe. It is contrary to the rules of the college, which are never diſpenſed with, except in circumſtances of a particular nature; ſuch as the certainty of a ſhort ſtay, and the neceſſity of proſecuting that ſtudy, which is more immediately requiſite. To place this *great imperfection* in a clearer light, you being *an inſtance*, which is, indeed, a very unfortunate one, for I will bring the *ſame inſtance* to ſhew, that you know as little of the *great imperfection* as of a proper mode of education. "As for inſtance, then, a ſtudent chuſes to attend lectures on natural philoſophy. As theſe are not given oftener than twice in a week, he has four days entirely at his own diſpoſal." Now there is no choice in the caſe; he muſt attend *only once* a week. But is it not ſo much the worſe, ſay you? For admitting that I was a little too poſitive as to the chuſing, you will allow that he has five days inſtead of four, wherein, "*if he be indolent, or vicious, or fond of pleaſure, he has it in his power to indulge himſelf.*" Not at all, my literary projector; for he will find no days at his own diſpoſal. Each day is alternately employed either in the ſchool of moral philoſophy, or in that of the mathematics. This piece of information may be of ſervice to you in your future lucubrations on ſo important a ſubject, wherein you ſhould avoid even the appearance of [illegible]. It will be cautious, however, to ſtrike out of your calendar thoſe intervening days of idleneſs which you ſo much complain of. You would alſo do well to lay aſide thoſe inſinuations of the prevalency of ignorance, as well as idleneſs; for if my information be juſt, as I have reaſon to believe it is, idleneſs is become diſhonourable, and that love of ſcience univerſally prevails, which even Academicus, was he better acquainted with the preſent diſpoſition of the ſtudents, would acknowledge to forebode the happieſt effects.

Another important deficiency is, the manner in which degrees have been conferred. Though they were acquainted with particular branches of the higheſt value, "*they had not run the general circle, none had been called to an examination previous to the conferring of this literary honour upon them.*" Academicus, I fear, has been born the heir of miſtakes, ſince not a literary honour has been conferred which was not the prize of public conteſt, or which merit did not claim. The claſſic, the mathematician, and the moral philoſopher, are ſeldom found united in every academician. An acquaintance with either of thoſe branches of ſcience is generally eſteemed worthy of a reward in every ſeminary. Your Naſſaus alone can boaſt the truly magic art of forming, in a year or two, the claſſic, the mathematician, the moral philoſopher, and the patriot. It is there they *run the general circle*, and, as Academicus would have it, it is there they end where they begun.

But we cannot paſs over the triumph. "The impropriety of this mode of education is ſo very apparent that any farther demonſtration of it would be an inſult upon the moſt common underſtanding." Surely, Academicus, you ſhould, like a ſecond Pythagoras, have offered at leaſt a hecatomb. You have afforded the world a noble ſpecimen of thoſe demonſtrating powers which can bring forth the cleareſt demonſtration without a ſingle true poſition. But convincing as it appeared to you, others perhaps may now think that a farther demonſtration would be no inſult upon the moſt common underſtanding; or muſt they not rather be ſtruck with aſtoniſhment at that boldneſs which ſhould dare to proſtitute the name of demonſtration, in order to vilify a mode of education of which you are entirely ignorant?

You will probably diſcover the *great imperfection*, upon a ſecond ſearch, to be in the preſent eſtabliſhment. Whenever that is altered for the better, a more enlarged mode of education muſt take place; not ſuch, I hope, as every puny genius of fancied literature ſhall dictate, but ſuch as ſhall carry along with it whatever is great and noble, whatever ſhall tend moſt effectually to improve the mind and mend the heart. Nor do I doubt but the gentlemen of the viſitation will gladly promote every means which may conduce to ſo important an end. That they have it in view, every one knows; and that they will uſe their utmoſt endeavours to expedite as much as poſſible ſo happy an alteration, no one can doubt. The univerſities in England will afford them the beſt general plan, while their own good ſenſe muſt judge of ſuch particular exigencies as ſhall ariſe. But you ſhould remember that weak, haſty, and ill-timed efforts may often baffle the moſt noble deſigns. I am your humble ſervant,

A. B.

Concluſion of the EXPOSTULATION *from the king, lords, and commons, to the* AMERICANS.

FOR the credit of American underſtanding, therefore, the expoſtulants ſincerely wiſh that the colonies would adopt the language of conſiſtency, that they would either inſiſt upon what they have repeatedly pronounced impoſſible, repreſentation, wholly, or wholly give it up. If they have a claim to the benefits of the Britiſh conſtitution, they owe obedience to the Britiſh legiſlature; the ſupremacy of that legiſlature is a fundamental principle of the Britiſh conſtitution, and even the Americans themſelves have more diſhonour to dread, as Engliſh ſubjects, than reputation to expect, from humbling the common head of their own empire.

If, however, theſe arguments ſhould unhappily prove ineffectual, and if the ſelect committee at Boſton, in oppoſition to every tie of gratitude, every ſenſe of allegiance, and every dictate of juſtice, ſhould neither think of returning to their duty themſelves, nor give the other provinces in America leave to be dutiful, the king, lords, and commons, of Great Britain, in parliament ſolemnly aſſembled, humbly beſeech their HIGH MIGHTINESSES to declare *what* laws they will be graciouſly pleaſed to approve, and how far they will condeſcendingly honour the mother country with their obedience. At preſent having, and not having, a right of making the Americans ſubject to their acts; at preſent being, and not being, juſtly entitled to govern them, they are apprehenſive of adding to the flame of diſſention by ſome new miſtake; earneſtly ſolicitous, therefore, of avoiding ſuch a misfortune, as well as earneſtly deſirous of terminating the diſputes now unhappily ſubſiſting between them and the colonies, they requeſt a written body of inſtructions for their conduct; this they will religiouſly obſerve, and flatter themſelves that ſuch a ſacrifice of their intereſt, and ſuch a proſtitution of their honour, will, in ſome meaſure, reſtore them to the favourable opinion of America.

WILLIAMSBURG, MAY 26.

A few days ago arrived in this city, from Philadelphia, James Tilghman, Andrew Allen, and Richard Tilghman, eſquires, in order to ſettle the boundaries of the frontiers of Pennſylvania and Virginia.——Hugh Finley, eſquire, deputy poſtmaſter general, in the room of Benjamin Franklin, eſquire, is alſo arrived here.

It is reported, and we believe with too much certainty, that an INDIAN WAR is inevitable, as many outrages have lately happened on the frontiers; but whether the Indians or the white people are moſt to blame we cannot determine, the accounts being ſo extremely complicated.

We hear from Port Royal, that on the 17th of this inſtant the purſe of FIFTY POUNDS was run for, and won by *Miſs Aſop*, the property of Moore Fauntleroy, eſquire.

The TEA deſtroyed at Boſton amounts to upwards of 8000l.

A correſpondent ſays: A few days ago a mare, aged 24 years, was *delivered* of a fine horſe foal, the firſt ſhe ever produced.

The Nancy, Cuningham, from Hull, and the John and Bella, Green, from London, are arrived in James river; captains Atkinſon and Waterman in York river.

FRIDAY, *May* 27.

The northern poſt, juſt arrived, has brought papers as late as the 16th of this inſtant; nothing, however, has as yet tranſpired with the colonies, notwithſtanding they have received advices from the *mother country* as late as the 9th of April. We imagine they wait for the ſentiments of the repreſentatives of Virginia. A few articles we have thought proper to ſelect, which are as follow, to wit.

LONDON, *April* 2.

The following is a true copy of the petition to the HOUSE of LORDS againſt the Boſton port bill, ſigned by moſt of the *American* gentlemen now in town, and preſented by the earl of Shelburne.

To the right honourable the lords ſpiritual and temporal in parliament aſſembled.

The humble PETITION *of ſeveral natives of* AMERICA,

SHEWETH,

"That your petitioners, being natives of his majeſty's dominions in *America*, are deeply intereſted in every PROCEEDING of this right honourable HOUSE, which touches the life, liberty, or property, of any perſon or perſons in the ſaid dominions. That your petitioners conceive themſelves and their fellow ſubjects to be entitled to the rights of natural juſtice, and to the common law of England, as their unalienable birthright. That they apprehend it to be an invariable rule of natural juſtice, that no man ſhall be condemned unheard; and that according to law, no perſon or perſons can be judged without being called upon to anſwer, and being permitted to hear the evidence againſt them, and to make their defence. That it is therefore with the deepeſt concern they underſtand that there is now before this right honourable houſe a bill of pains and penalties to be inflicted on the town of Boſton, for a treſpaſs committed by ſome perſons unknown upon the property of the Eaſt India company, without the ſaid town having been apprized of any accuſation being brought againſt them, or permitted to hear the evidence, if there be any, and to make their defence. That the bill takes away immediately from the inhabitants of the town the uſe of property to the amount of ſeveral hundred thouſand pounds, veſted in quays, wharfs, ſtores, &c. That it will reſtrain many thouſands of his Majeſty's ſubjects from ſubſiſting themſelves and their families by their uſual employments. That it will puniſh the innocent for the guilty; and even ſhould all the reparation required by the bill be made, the reſtoration of that property, or any part of it is ſuffered to depend wholly upon the will of the crown. Your petitioners conceive ſuch proceeding to be directly repugnant to every principle of law and juſtice; and that under ſuch a precedent no man, or body of men, could enjoy a moment's ſecurity; for if judgment be immediately to follow an accuſation, the accuſed, unacquainted with the charge, and debarred from defending themſelves, every fence againſt falſe accuſation will be pulled down, juſtice will no longer be a ſhield, nor innocence an exemption from puniſhment. Your petitioners beg leave to repreſent, that the law in America miniſters redreſs for any injury ſuſtained there; and they can moſt truly affirm, that it is adminiſtered in that country with as much impartiality as in any other part of his Majeſty's dominions. In proof of this they appeal to an inſtance of great notoriety, in which, under every circumſtance that could exaſperate the people, and diſturb the courſe of juſtice, captain Preſton and his ſoldiers had a fair trial, and a favourable verdict. The due courſe of law thus manifeſtly holding out redreſs, they cannot but conſider the interpoſition of parliamentary power to be as unneceſſary as it is arbitrary and unjuſt. Your petitioners conceive that this right honourable houſe being the ſupreme judicature of this nation, are too well acquainted with the inviolable rules of juſtice to require any further objections to the bill againſt the town of Boſton now under conſideration. They therefore truſt and pray, that this right honourable houſe will not paſs a bill which is to condemn and puniſh perſons unheard, and therefore deprived of that privilege, which every principle of juſtice, and every practice of law, allows to the meaneſt individual; the privilege of hearing and controverting the evidence againſt him, and maintaining his innocence. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, ſhall ever pray." *Signed*, Stephen Sayre, William Lee, Benjamin Franklin, William Middleton, Henry Laurens, Ralph Izard, Iſaac Motte, John Ellis, Hugh Williamſon, John Bayliſton, Arthur Lee, Thomas Puſton, Philip Neyle, Edward Bantroft, John Peronneau, Peeke Fuller, Edward Fenwicke, William Middleton, junior, Thomas Pinckney, William Haſel Gibbs, Thomas Bromfield, Joſhua Johnſton, John Hopſon, Daniel Bowly, John Alleyne, William Blake, John Ballendine, J. Williams.

April 9. Thurſday night a cabinet council was held at Lord North's, at which all the great officers of ſtate aſſiſted, as did his excellency general Gage, which ſat late. After their riſing a meſſenger was diſpatched to Portſmouth.

The officers ordered upon the duty of America hang back, and declare it a piece of duty quite repugnant to their feelings, as men and Engliſhmen.

All the officers in the troops now preparing for America, it is confidently ſaid, have an actual promiſe from a certain great perſon of advancement on their return from thence if they behave according to private orders. What thoſe private orders are may be gueſſed at.

We are informed from the beſt authority that the following four regiments have actually received orders from the war office to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark for Boſton upon the ſhorteſt notice, viz. the 4th, 5th, 38th, and 43d, and that all the officers, notwithſtanding many of them had obtained the king's leave of abſence, have received orders to join their reſpective corps immediately upon pain of being cashiered.

It is ſaid that a very formidable fleet will ſoon make its appearance in the American ocean, which will convince our enemies that we are not to be caught napping.

The report continues to gain credit, that the friends to the Boſtonians have made ſome overtures which may probably prevent matters being carried to extremities; it is, however, generally agreed, that general Gage will be ſent to America, to ſee all things ſettled upon a permanent and proper footing.

(End of the LONDON *news.)*

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*(*WILLIAMSBURG *news continued.)*

PROCEEDINGS *of the* HOUSE *of* BURGESSES.

TUESDAY, the 24th of *May*, 14 GEO. III. 1774.

THIS houſe being deeply impreſſed with apprehenſion of the great dangers to be derived to Britiſh America, from the hoſtile invaſion of the city of Boſton, in our ſiſter colony of Maſſachuſetts Bay, whoſe commerce and harbour are on the 1ſt day of June next to be ſtopped by an armed force, deem it highly neceſſary that the ſaid 1ſt day of June be ſet apart by the members of this houſe, as a day of faſting, humiliation, and prayer, devoutly to implore the divine interpoſition for averting the heavy calamity which threatens deſtruction to our civil rights, and the evils of civil war; to give us one heart and one mind firmly to oppoſe, by all juſt and proper means, every injury to American rights, and that the minds of his majeſty and his parliament may be inſpired from above with wiſdom, moderation, and juſtice, to remove from the loyal people of America all cauſe of danger from a continued purſuit of meaſures pregnant with their ruin.

Ordered, therefore, that the members of this houſe do attend in their places at the hour of ten in the forenoon, on the ſaid 1ſt day of June next, in order to proceed with the ſpeaker and the mace to the church in this city for the purpoſes aforeſaid; and that the reverend Mr. Price be appointed to read prayers, and to preach a ſermon ſuitable to the occaſion.

By the HOUSE *of* BURGESSES.

GEORGE WYTHE, C. H. B.

In conſequence of the above, his excellency the governor thought proper yeſterday to diſſolve the houſe with the following ſpeech:

Mr. ſpeaker, and gentlemen of the houſe of burgeſſes,

I have in my hand a paper, publiſhed by order of your houſe, conceived in ſuch terms as reflect highly upon his majeſty, and the parliament of Great Britain, which makes it neceſſary to diſſolve you, and you are diſſolved accordingly.

This day the late burgeſſes of Virginia formed themſelves into a committee, to conſider of the moſt expedient and neceſſary meaſures to guard againſt the encroachments which ſo glaringly threaten them, when they ſpiritedly agreed to the following aſſociation:

An ASSOCIATION, ſigned by 89 members of the late HOUSE of BURGESSES.

WE his majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the late repreſentatives of the good people of this country, having been deprived by the ſudden interpoſition of the executive part of this government from giving our countrymen the advice we wiſhed to convey to them in a legiſlative capacity, find ourſelves under the hard neceſſity of adopting this, the only method we have left, of pointing out to our countrymen ſuch meaſures as in our opinion are beſt fitted to ſecure our deareſt rights and liberty from deſtruction, by the heavy hand of power now lifted againſt North America: With much grief we find that our dutiful applications to Great Britain for ſecurity of our juſt, antient, and conſtitutional rights, have been not only diſregarded, but that a determined ſyſtem is formed and preſſed for reducing the inhabitants of Britiſh America to ſlavery, by ſubjecting them to the payment of taxes, impoſed without the conſent of the people or their repreſentatives; and that in purſuit of this ſyſtem, we find an act of the Britiſh parliament, lately preſſed, for ſtopping the harbour and commerce of the town of Boſton, in our ſiſter colony of Maſſachuſetts Bay, until the people there ſubmit to the payment of ſuch unconſtitutional taxes, and which act moſt violently and arbitrarily deprives them of their property, in wharfs erected by private perſons, at their own great and proper expence, which act is, in our opinion, a moſt dangerous attempt to deſtroy the conſtitutional liberty and rights of all North America. It is further our opinion, that as TEA, on its importation into America, is charged with a duty, impoſed by parliament for the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue, without the conſent of the people, it ought not to be uſed by any perſon who wiſhes well to the conſtitutional rights and liberty of Britiſh America. And whereas the India company have ungenerouſly attempted the ruin of America, by ſending many ſhips loaded with tea into the colonies, thereby intending to fix a precedent in favour of arbitrary taxation, we deem it highly proper and do accordingly recommend it ſtrongly to our countrymen, not to purchaſe or uſe any kind of East India commodity whatſoever, except ſaltpetre and ſpices, until the grievances of America are redreſſed. We are further clearly of opinion, that an attack, made on one of our ſiſter colonies, to compel ſubmiſſion to arbitrary taxes, is an attack made on all Britiſh America, and threatens ruin to the rights of all, unleſs the united wiſdom of the whole be applied. And for this purpoſe it is recommened to the committee of correſpondence, that they communicate, with their ſeveral correſponding committees, on the expediency of appointing deputies from the ſeveral colonies of Britiſh America, to meet in general congreſs, at ſuch place annually as ſhall be thought moſt convenient; there to deliberate on thoſe general meaſures which the united intereſts of America may from time to time require.

A tender regard for the intereſt of our fellow ſubjects, the merchants, and manufacturers of Great Britain, prevents us from going further at this time; moſt earneſtly hoping, that the unconſtitutional principle of taxing the colonies without their conſent will not be perſiſted in, thereby to compel us againſt our will, to avoid all commercial intercourſe with Britain. Wiſhing them and our people free and happy, we are their affectionate friends, the late repreſentatives of Virginia.

The 27th day of May, 1774.

WE the ſubſcribers, clergymen and other inhabitants of the colony and dominion of Virginia, having maturely conſidered the contents of the above aſſociation, do moſt cordially approve and accede thereto.——In number 21.

A letter received by a gentleman in this city, from Philadelphia, ſays, that General Gage is arrived and landed at Boſton with eight regiments. We do not underſtand that any hoſtilities were committed; but how long a good underſtanding may continue is left to the ſuggeſtion of our readers. The ſame letter adds, that William Franklin, Eſquire, governor of the Jerſeys, has loſt his government, and that Colonel Dalrymple is appointed in his ſtead.

A poſt is ſhortly to be eſtabliſhed to ride from this city to Hobb's Hole by way of Urbanna, &c.

A grand ball and entertainment is this evening to be given at the capitol by the burgeſſes, on account of the arrival of the right honourable the counteſs of Dunmore and family.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD *at both* PRINTING OFFICES,

A SERMON preached in the pariſh church of Bruton, Williamſburg, May 1, 1774; by appointment of the truſtees and ſubſcribers to a fund for the *relief of the poor widows and orphans of clergymen in Virginia.*

For the benefit of the CHARITY.

THE ſubſcriber intends to leave the colony ſhortly, and to return in a few weeks.

ZACHARIAH STANLY.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 26, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber has juſt received a CARGO of ENGLISH CALF SKINS, and light DRAW LEGS for the ſummer. Thoſe gentlemen who formerly applied to him for boots, when it was out of his power to ſupply them, will now pleaſe to renew their orders, which ſhall be ſtrictly complied with, at whatever diſtance they live.——Two or three journeymen ſhoemakers will have a good ſet of ſummer work, by applying early, at the rate of 3s. 6d. for plain ſhoes, 5s. for ſtitched work, and 10s. for boots.

GEORGE WILSON.

TAKEN up, in Prince Edward, at the fork of Buffaloe, a reddiſh coloured ſteer, ſome white in his face and in each flank, a gimlet hole through one horn, and marked with a crop and underkeel in each ear. Appraiſed to 2l. 15s.

CALEB BAKER.

TAKEN up, in Spotſylvania, a light grey horſe, about 4 feet 6 inches high, 6 or 7 years old, a ſnip on his noſe, and branded on the near buttock ●. Poſted, and appraiſed to 6l.

JAMES DAVIS.

TAKEN up, on Sappony, a ſmall black mare, about 7 years old, 4 feet two inches high, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, has a few ſaddle ſpots, and branded twice on the near buttock with a three barred ſtirrup iron; has with her a year old colt, cut, but not branded, with a white ſpot in his face. Poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

BOLLING STARK.

TAKEN up, in Halifax, a red cow, with a white face, a ſmooth crop in the right ear, the lower part of her tail white, about 3 feet 8 inches high, and 10 years old. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2l. 10s.

JOHN LEGRAND

TAKEN up, in Spotſylvadia, a bay gelding, about 4 feet 7 inches high, 4 years old, branded on the near buttock ⊔, has a mealy mouth and eyes, ſome white hairs in his forehead, and has ſome white on the near hind foot. Poſted, and appraiſed to 12l.

JOHN PRICE.

TAKEN up, in Charlotte, two ſows, one blue, the other red, 14 ſhoats three months old, ſix of them of a bear colour, two a light blue, and the others red, all marked with a crop and two ſlits in the right ear, and a crop and nick in the under ſide of the left ear, except the blue ſow; her ears being torn, the mark cannot be made out. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3l.

† THOMAS FOSTER.

TAKEN up an unmarked black bull, with a ſtar in his forehead, white under his belly, and the end of his tail white; he is about 3 years old. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1l. 5s.

WILLIAM BEASLY.

TAKEN up, in Louiſa, a bay horſe, branded on the near buttock with ſomething that cannot be made out, about 4 feet 10 inches high, 15 years old, is docked ſhort, and has ſeveral ſaddle ſpots. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3l. 10s. ‡ JOHN LIPSCOMB.

TAKEN up, in Louiſa, a dark bay mare, branded on the off buttock ≥, and on the ſhoulder W, 4 feet 4 inches high, about 9 years old, and paces well. Poſted, and appraiſed to 5l.

§ CHRISTOPHER WOOD.

TAKEN up, in Buckingham, a dark coloured bay mare, about 4 feet 6 inches high, no perceivable brand, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, grey under her mane out to her foretop, ſome white in her face, one white ſpot on her left jaw, has but 4 upper teeth, about 12 years old, and paces a little. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1l. 10s.

† JOHN PHELPS.

TAKEN up, in Buckingham, a bay mare, with a blaze face, about 4 feet 3 inches high, and about 4 years old, no perceivable brand, and has a little ſpot on her left ſhoulder near the mane. Poſted, and appraiſed to 6l. ‡ WILLIAM ANGLIN.

TAKEN up, in Amherſt, a bay horſe, branded on the left rump S, has a large wen upon his belly, and a number of ſaddle ſpots, his hind feet white, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, and about 20 years old. Alſo a bay colt neither docked nor branded, his right hind foot white, and about a year old. They are poſted, and appraiſed to to 3l. 10s. each.

‡ GABRIEL PENN.

AGREEABLE to the act of aſſembly for clearing rivers and creeks, the court of Cumberland have appointed commiſſioners to agree with any perſon or perſons, willing to undertake the clearing of Willis's river, in the ſaid county. The ſubſcribers give notice that they will attend at Horn Quarter Bridge, on the ſaid river, on Thurſday the ninth day of June, to let to the loweſt bidder the ſaid work. Bond and ſecurity will be required of the undertaker for the due performance of the ſame.

George Carrington,	*Thomas Tabb,*
John Woodſon,	*Robert Smith,*
Joſeph Calland,	*Joſeph Carrington.*

IN May 1773, or near that time, I gave my bond to John Reid, of Amherſt county, for 125l. currency, payable in April, 1774: I forewarn any perſon from taking ſaid bond of Reid, as I will not pay any of the money till ſuch time as the ſaid Reid fulfils his bargain with me, 2 CHARLES SIMS.

VIRGINIA, ſc.

At a general court, held at the capitol, the 7th day of May, 1774.

Philip Ludwell Grymes, ſon and heir of the honourable Philip Grymes, Eſquire, deceaſed, and John Grymes, Charles Grymes, and Benjamin Grymes, the younger ſons, and deviſees of the ſaid Philip Grymes, plaintiffs, againſt
Benjamin Grymes, gentleman, one of the executors of the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid Philip Grymes, deceaſed, defendants,

} IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the plaintiffs, and for reaſons appearing to the court, it is decreed and ordered, that the ſaid defendant give ſufficient ſecurity for his future due and faithful adminiſtration of his ſaid teſtator's eſtate, and that he be enjoined from intermeddling in any manner or degree whatever with the ſaid eſtate until ſuch ſecurity be given, or until the further order of this court concerning the ſame.

BEN: WALLER.

Juſt imported from London, and to be diſpoſed of by the ſubſcriber, at a low advance, for ready money only,

A NEAT and elegant aſſortment of MILLINERY, JEWELLERY, and other GOODS, which are exceeding well choſe, and in the neweſt taſte, viz. Patent nett, and blond lace hoods, rich ſuits of ditto, puffs, whims, fancy, true Italian, and gauze caps, ditto noſegay and breaſt flowers, ſultains, egrets, fillets, baves, plumes, minionet lace, blond ditto, and thread edging, gentlemens laced ruffles, ladies tupees and French curles, blue, black, and white oſtrich feathers, riding hats, ſuitable gloves to ditto, Jacob's ladder, velvet collars, locket, crown taſte, and a great variety of other ribbands, true Italian, lace, ribband, fancy, and ſilver ſtomachers, ſilver corals and bells, plain and ſet combs, paſte buckles, bows and ſoletaires, various kinds of ſprig and paſte pins, blue agate ſet round with marcaſite, pinch wax, real garnet and mock, paſte, white wax and wax pearl necklaces and earrings, cluſter, garnet, plain gold, and marcaſite lockets and croſſes, black pins, earring and ſtay hooks, paſte ditto, gold bands, buttons, and loops, watch ſtrings, keys, ſeals, and trinkets, ſmelling bottles, tortoiſeſhell dandy prats, pocketbooks with inſtruments, fine India cotton thread, floſs, and ſewing ſilk, green ſilk purſes, needles, pins, bobbins and tapes, ſingle and double black pins, curling tongues, and hair powder, patent, ribbed, and white China hoſe, fine cotton and thread ditto, Didſbury's ſhoes, Greſham's pumps, pink, blue, and white ſattin ditto, pink, blue, and white ſattin quilts, black ruſſell ditto, beautiful wedding and French mounted fans, ſecond mourning, black, and common ditto, rich white flowered and plain luſtring, ſhot and ſtriped ditto, plain and ſtriped taffeties, India chintzes and callicoes, fine Iriſh linen, ſuperfine India dimity, black bombazeen, grained kid, lamb, ſilk gloves and mits, boys caps and feathers, chipped and cane hats, bonnets and cloaks, book and thick muſlins, cambricks, lawns, white and black gauzes, catgut and queen's nett book muſlin and lawns, needle worked aprons, black, white and coloured flowered caſting handkerchiefs, muſlin, lawn, gauze, and checked ditto, rich ſword ſuits, undreſſed dolls, very nice braſs mounted trunks, either for chariot or chaiſe; and a multiplicity of other articles, too tedious to enumerate.

M. DICKINSON.

N. B. She returns thoſe gentlemen and ladies, who have favoured her with their cuſtom, her moſt cordial thanks; particularly her good friends in the country; and as it ſhall ever be her ſtudy to give ſatisfaction, they may rely on their orders being attended to with the ſtricteſt care, by their much obliged, and very humble ſervant, M. D.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Richard Kelſick, deceaſed, of the borough of Norfolk, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make them known to

JOSEPH HUTCHINGS, Executor.

ON Wedneſday the 14th of April laſt ran away from the ſubſcriber, in Weſtmoreland county, Thomas Puttrell, an indented white ſervant man, by trade a butcher, but underſtands gardening and farming, and ſays he is acquainted with the buſineſs of a bricklayer and plaiſterer. This is the third time of his running away, and when he went off before he was near two months in the neighbourhood of Richmond town, and lived with one Iſaac Parker, and probably may be in that part of the country now. In July laſt he was taken up in Bedford county. He is a trunchy well made man, of a fair complexion, has hazle eyes, brown hair, which curls in his neck, is round faced, has very white teeth, which he ſhews when he ſpeaks or grins, and ſpeaks ſharp and quick. He had the common apparel of ſervants, and he has a forged paſs, ſigned by James Moſeley, maſter of the ſchooner Nancy, diſcharged from Alexandria, and is called a native of old Nanſemond town in Virginia. There went off with the ſaid Thomas Puttrell an indented white ſervant man belonging to Thomas Attwell of Weſtmoreland, who has likewiſe a forged paſs, ſigned by the ſame James Moſeley, and is therein called John Underwood, although his right name is Edward Duberg. He is a ſlim, well made man, near ſix feet high, was a ſailor, and has been in Spain, Portugal, and France. He ſays he was brought up at Cambridge, and pretends to underſtand Latin, French, Spaniſh, Portugueſe, and Dutch. He came in the Succeſs's Increaſe, captain Curtis, into Rappahanpock, and was ſold for a ſchoolmaſter. He robbed one Mrs. Hume of about 20l. worth of wearing apparel, among which were ſome jewellery, caps, aprons, handkerchiefs, &c. which he and Puttrell ſold as they went along. The above ſervants were ſeen on their way to Glouceſter town, between York and Rappahannock, and it is ſuppoſed they will paſs for ſailors, and go to Norfolk, or make for Carolina. Whoever apprehends them, ſo as they be delivered to their maſters, ſhall have a reward of FOUR POUNDS for each, beſides what the law allows.

RICHARD LEE,
THOMAS ATTWELL.

To be SOLD, to the higheſt bidder, at Goochland court-houſe, on Monday the 20th of June, being court day,

A TRACT of rich, well timbered LAND, lying oppoſite to Elk Iſland, in Goochland county, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. John Smith, deceaſed, containing 2000 acres, which will be put up in four ſeparate lots. Likewiſe a tract containing between 3 and 400 acres, lying on both ſides of the Little Bird creek, near the head thereof, in the aforeſaid county. Thoſe lands having been fully deſcribed in a former advertiſement renders it unneceſſary here. The time of payment will be made known on the day of ſale, and bonds, with good ſecurity, required of the purchaſers.

9 WILLIAM ANDERSON, executor.

*** The purchaſers at the different ſales of the negroes and perſonal eſtate of Joſeph and John Smith, deceaſed, are deſired to take notice, that their bonds will in a very ſhort time become payable, and that no indulgence can or will be allowed to any perſon. I ſhall conſtantly attend at the county courts of Henrico and Hanover, and the meeting of merchants in Williamſburg, in order to receive payment. Thoſe who have open accounts on the books of John Smith, deceaſed, are once more requeſted to come and ſettle.

For SALE,

THE *improved* SQUARE *of* LOTS *adjoining the lots belonging to Mr.* E. DEANE, *coachmaker in* Palace *ſtreet*, Williamſburg. JOHN TAZEWELL, *eſquire, of this city, is empowered to ſell.*

If the purchaſer, or purchaſers, do not pay ready money, his bond, with approved ſecurities, made payable to ROBERT CARTER, *will be ſatisfactory.* tf

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COMMITTED to Glouceſter gaol, the 13th of this inſtant (May) a negro man who calls himſelf by the name of William, and ſays he belongs to Peter Funnell, of New England, and has been abſent from thence ten years; he is about 35 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, ſpeaks a little broken, much pockpitted, and has a very particular ſcar on his noſe. He ſays he has ſailed to many parts of Europe and America. His maſter may have him on proving his property, and paying charges.

WILLIAM SMITH, gaoler.

FINCASTLE county, to wit,

GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, &c. To the ſheriff of Fincaſtle county, greeting: We command you that you ſummon Francis Willey, an infant under the age of twenty one years, ſon and heir of James Willey deceaſed, to appear before our juſtices of our court of our ſaid county, at the courthouſe, on the firſt Tueſday in next month, to anſwer a bill in chancery, exhibited againſt him by William Calhoon; and this he ſhall in no wiſe omit, under the penalty of 100l. and have then there this writ. Witneſs John Byrd, clerk of our ſaid court, this 9th day of June, in the 13th year of our reign. JOHN BYRD.

The noted ſwift HORSE

TRISTRAM SHANDY,

(now, perhaps, the faſteſt horſe in VIRGINIA)

STANDS at my houſe, in the lower end of Caroline county, and covers mares this ſeaſon at 2l. 10s. good paſturage gratis, and great care taken of the mares, but will not be anſwerable for any that may get away. TRISTRAM SHANDY was got by Morton's Traveller, his dam by Janus, out a very fine Engliſh mare.

5 JAMES UPSHAW.

To be SOLD, together or in parcels,

THAT fertile and well timbered tract of LAND, lying in Princeſs Anne county, known by the name of GIBBS's WOODS, whereon are ſeveral ſettlements, and whereof Jeremiah Tinker, eſquire, grandſon of the late governor Gibbs now ſtands ſeized, under the deed of gift of his mother, the daughter and heireſs of the ſaid governor Gibbs. Perſons inclining to purchaſe may be informed of the terms by applying to Mr. James Parker, merchant in Norfolk, or to Edward Foy, in Williamſburg, who will give an undoubted title. tf

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COMMITTED to the gaol of Northumberland, on the 2d of May, a negro man who calls himſelf Charles, and ſays he belongs to Mr. John Booth, in Amelia. He was purchaſed by Samuel Griffin of John Blackwell's eſtate. He is a well ſet fellow, and about 25 years old. The owner is deſired to apply for him.

3† JOHN CRAIN, gaoler.

To be SOLD, on the premiſes, on the third Thurſday in June next,

THE very profitable ORDINARY, belonging to the ſubſcriber, at King William courthouſe, with 600 acres of very valuable LAND adjoining to it. The place is ſo well known that it is unneceſſary to deſcribe it, or to point out the advantage of its ſituation, which is ſo central that it is daily reſorted by travellers from all parts; ſo that it has conſtant cuſtom. The ordinary, and ſome ſmall tenements on the land, have rented for 170l. a year, and are now well worth 200l. a year, or more. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion the firſt day of November next, and is to pay one fifth of the purchaſe money that day, and one other fifth annually after, until the whole is ſatisfied. Bond, with good ſecurity, for the payment thereof, muſt be given to the ſubſcriber, who will treat privately with any perſon inclined to purchaſe before the day of ſale. JOHN QUARLES.

FOR CHARTER,

THE ſhip CÆSAR, William Wetherald, maſter, burthen about 450 hogſheads of tobacco, now lies at Norfolk, and has made but one voyage. Apply to ſaid maſter. tf GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

*** One hundred of ſaid ſhip is a quantity of Whitehaven COAL, [illegible] which will be ſold very cheap. Apply [illegible] Williamſburg.

For WHITEHAVEN,

THE ſhip OLIVE, Captain William Barras, lies at Broadways, on Appomattox, will ſail early in April, having three fourths of her cargo engaged, can take in about one hundred hogſheads of tobacco, on liberty of conſignment. For terms apply to Mr. Bolling Starke, in Peterſburg, or us at Norfolk.

GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

KING HEROD

STANDS at Roſegill, and will cover mares at FOUR POUNDS the ſeaſon. Thoſe who ſend mares muſt ſend the money, otherwiſe they ſhall not be left. The valuable qualities, and the pedigree, of this horſe, are ſufficiently notorious.

RALPH WORMELEY, junior.

FOR SALE,

THE public STOREHOUSE in that part of the town of Richmond called Shockoes, rented at fifteen pounds a year; the two half acre lots, No. 400 and No. 670, in the ſame town; the valuable lot of one hundred acres of timbered land, near the ſame, known by the deſcription of No. 799; alſo the two half acre lots, No. 116 and No. 267, in the town of Manchеſter or Rocky Ridge, on the ſouth ſide of the falls of James river. For terms apply to Joſhua Storrs of Richmond, or to the ſubſcriber. THOMSON MASON.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL valuable tracts of LAND, adjoining each other, or both ſides of Chappawamſick Run, in the counties of Stafford and Prince William, containing 2600 acres, being the ſeat whereon the ſubſcriber formerly reſided. Theſe lands are ſituate four miles above Aquia warehouſes, and four miles below the town of Dumfries, the ſoil of more than half of it exceeding good; there is on it as fine a mill ſeat as any in the colony, upon a large and never failing ſtream. There is a great appearance of iron ore, and a large quantity of white oak and pine timber, a tolerable commodious dwellinghouſe, a great number of convenient outhouſes, good orchards, and ſeveral tenements in order for cropping. There are alſo 200 acres of fine meadow ground, half of which was ſowed in timothy laſt fall and this ſpring. A more particular deſcription will be unneceſſary, as it is preſumed that any perſon inclinable to purchaſe will view the premiſes; and the ſubſcriber earneſtly entreats all ſuch to form their ideas of the value of this eſtate from their own obſervations, and not from any accounts they may receive from others, as there are ſome perſons, who are thought good natured, worthy men, amuſe themſelves with decrying the property of their neighbours, even at the expence of truth, and under the maſk of friendſhip to the perſon injured. And the ſubſcriber is more particular in this caution, as he hath formerly received ſeveral ſevere injuries of that kind from one in that neighbourhood. The above lands are under the incumbrance of two mortgages; the one for a conſiderable ſum, made by the ſubſcriber himſelf, the other for an inconſiderable ſum, made by the perſon of whom he purchaſed one of the ſmall tracts, which mortgages are to be firſt paid out of the money ariſing from the ſale For terms apply to

THOMSON MASON.

TAKEN up, in Buckingham, ſix hogs, three of which are barrows, with bob tails, the others are ſows; they are all black and white, with a crop and two ſlits in the right ear, and half the under part of the left taken off, in the manner of a fox's ear; they are all about one year old. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2l. 5s.

4 SETH CASON.

TAKEN up, in Culpeper, a black horſe, about 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, about 7 years old, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock P. Poſted, and appraiſed to 17l.

† NATHANIEL PENDLETON.

TAKEN up, in Culpeper, a black cow and calf, the cow marked with a ſmall crop in each ear, and then ſlit down and cut out. Likewiſe a red brindled heifer, about 2 or 3 years old, marked with an underkeel in the left ear, and ſwallowfork in the right. The cow and calf are appraiſed to 4l. and the heifer to 1l. 10s.

† JAMES SLAUGHTER, jun.

TAKEN up, in Loudoun, near Weſt's tavern, a ſmall light brindle cow, appears to be 9 or 10 years old, has a white face, and ſome white under her belly, has on a middle ſized bell, tied with a rope, marked on the right ear, with a crop, ſlit, and ſwallowfork in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2l. 5s.

‡ JOHN TAYLOR.

TAKEN up, in Amherſt, a black mare, 4 feet 5 inches high, 13 or 15 years old, with a white ſpot on her right buttock, a ſtar in her forehead, and branded on the near buttock with 3 dots; ſhe had on a bell. Poſted, and appraiſed to 6l.

5 WILLIAM LAVENDER.

TAKEN up, in Lunenburg, a bay horſe, about 9 or 10 years old, 4 feet 6 inches high, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the off buttock and ſhoulder HC. Poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

† RICHARD STONE, ſenior.

TAKEN up, in Dunmore, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet 6 inches high, branded on the near buttock HF, has a ſtar in her forehead, newly ſhod before, with a bell on, and paces naturally. Poſted, and appraiſed to 8l. LAWRENCE SNAPP.

TAKEN up, in Lunenburg, a bay horſe, about 9 years old, branded on the near buttock SH, and about 4 feet 10 inches high. Poſted, and appraiſed to 12l.

‡ BENJAMIN CLARKE.

TAKEN up, in Lunenburg, a ſmall roan ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 1 inch high, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock ↄ, has a large blaze in her face, her two hind feet white up to her hams, appears to be about 10 or 12 years old, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3l. 10s.

‡ NICHOLAS HOBSON.

TAKEN up, in Fincaſtle, a ſorrel horſe, 4 years old, 13 hands and an inch high, with a white mane and tail, his fore legs from the knees down almoſt white, and the hoofs of his fore feet twiſt inwards, has a ſtar in his forehead, a ſmall ſnip on his noſe, branded on the near jaw T, and has a bell on, with a leather collar and double buckle. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4l. 5s.

THOMAS MONTGOMERY.

TAKEN up, in Fincaſtle, a black mare, about ſeven years old, branded on the near ſhoulder A, with 4 white feet, and a blaze in her face, paces, is hipſhot, and about 13 hands 3 inches high. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7l. ‡ JAMES DAVIS.

TAKEN up, in Amherſt, a ſlender made white mare, dapple grey on each thigh, ſleabitten on the head and ſhoulders, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, about 4 feet 6 inches high, no perceivable brand; had on a large bell, with a patch on the inſide, the collar of which was faſtened with a large buckle. Appraiſed to 6l.

5 ABRAHAM SMITH.

TAKEN up, in Buckingham, a ſmall bay mare, with three white feet, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, grey hairs in her tail and mane, docked, but no perceivable brand, about 2 or 3 years old, about 4 feet 1 inch high, and is very gentle. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3l. 10s. ISAAC CHASTIN.

TAKEN up, a ſmall dark iron-grey mare colt, about 2 years old, has a long tail, and is branded on the near buttock, as well as I can make out, ↄI. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2l. 5s. JOHN BRUIN.

GODOLPHIN,

A FULL blooded horſe, by FEARNOUGHT, out of an imported mare, will ſtand this ſeaſon at Mr. Richard Taylor's, near Peterſburg, to cover mares, at TWENTY SHILLINGS the leap, or THREE POUNDS the ſeaſon, payable in October next. Thoſe gentlemen who are inclined to ſend mares may be aſſured that the greateſt care will be taken of them; but I will not be anſwerable for any that ſhall get away.

GEORGE BAYLOR.

PURSUANT to a decree of the honourable the general court will be ſold, for ready money, at Hampſhire courthouſe, on the ſecond Tueſday in June next, three tracts of LAND, of 500 acres each, in the ſaid county of Hampſhire, on George Andis's mill run, and adjoining the lands of Henry Heath, the property of the late Mr. Joſeph Watſon, deceaſed, and by him mortgaged to Mr. Garret Meade of Philadelphia, who has obtained a decree for a ſale to ſatisfy his demand. A conveyance, with ſpecial warranty, will be made the purchaſer by The SHERIFF of HAMPSHIRE.

*** Theſe lands were formerly advertiſed in this paper for ſale, and prevented by bad weather, but will now be ſold without fail.

DUMFRIES, May 2, 1774.

THE members of the Dumfries jockey club are deſired to meet here on Saturday the 11th of June, to ſettle the time of the races. Such members as cannot conveniently attend, and want to fix them at any particular time, will pleaſe to ſignify the ſame by letter to me, and their reſpective propoſals ſhall be laid before the club. 3 RICHARD GRAHAM.

To be SOLD, and entered upon immediately,

A TRACT of LAND containing 1300 acres, more or leſs, on Pianketank river, in Glouceſter county. It is needleſs to be particular about it as it is the ſame I adverti[illegible] laſt year and then gave a full account of it, ſince then I ſold it to John Attway Clarke, of Maryland, but as he refuſes to take it, neceſſity obliges me once more to offer it to the public. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to me in Middleſex. I want part of the money at the meeting of the merchants, and for the remainder I will give reaſonable credit. tf AUGUSTINE SMITH.

RUN away, from Neabſco furnace, the 16th of March, a light coloured mulatto man named BILLY, or WILL, the property of the honourable John Tayloe, eſquire. When I tell the public that he is the ſame boy who for many years uſed to wait on me, in my travels through this and the neighbouring province, and by his pertneſs, or rather impudence, was well known to all my acquaintances, there is the leſs occaſion for a particular deſcription of him. However, as he is now grown to the ſize of a man, and has not attended me for ſome time paſt, I think it not amiſs to ſay that he is a very likely young fellow, about 20 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, ſtout and ſtrong made, has a remarkable ſwing in his walk, but is much more ſo by a ſurprizing knack he has of gaining the good graces of almoſt every body who will liſten to his bewitching and deceitful tongue, which ſeldom or ever ſpeaks the truth. He has a ſmall ſcar on the right ſide of his forehead, and the little finger of his right hand is quite ſtraight by a hurt he got when a child. Had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, and an under one of green baize, cotton breeches, oznabrig ſhirt, mixed blue ſafe ſtockings, country made ſhoes, and yellow buckles. From his ingenuity, he is capable of doing almoſt any ſort of buſineſs, and for ſome years paſt, has been chiefly employed as a founder, a ſtone maſon, and a miller, as occaſion required; one of which trades, I imagine, he will, in the character of a free man, profeſs. I have ſome reaſon to ſuſpect his travelling towards James river, under the pretence of being ſent by me on buſineſs. Whoever apprehends the ſaid fellow, and brings him to me, or to his maſter, the honourable John Tayloe, at Mountairy, or ſecure him ſo as to be had again, ſhall have treble what the law allows, and all reaſonable charges paid. tf THOMAS LAWSON.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT twelve thouſand acres of exceeding rich TOBACCO LAND, in Amherſt county, whereon are ſeveral plantations and improvements ſufficient to work forty or fifty hands. There is on this land for ſale a very valuable GRIST MILL, lately built, with a ſtone dam and a pair of good COLOGNE MILL-STONES, which mill has for two years paſt got upwards of 100 barrels of toll corn, and is ſituated on a never failing ſtream. The land will be ſhewn by William Womack, who lives at one of the plantations, and the prices of the land made known by him. One or two years credit will be allowed, intereſt being paid for the ſecond year, and alſo for the firſt, if the money is not paid agreeable to contract. The land is to be laid off and ſurveyed by Colonel William Cabell, at the expence of the purchaſer. Deeds will be made, upon bond and approved ſecurity being given, either to Call, William Cabell, or the ſubſcriber. Six per cent. diſcount will be allowed for ready money, or good merchants notes. If any perſon would chuſe to exchange lands in the lower part of the country, on or near ſome navigable river, that are good, it is more than probable we ſhould agree.

CARTER BRAXTON.

YORK town, June 9, 1773.

THE ſubſcribers being very ſolicitous to comply with the will of their teſtator, the late Honourable William Nelſon, deſire that all perſons who were indebted to him will endeavour to make as ſpeedy payments as poſſible. Thoſe who have accounts open on his books, and who cannot immediately diſcharge the balances, are deſired to give their bonds. This requeſt is the more neceſſary, as moſt of the legacies bequeathed by the teſtator are to be paid in ſterling money, and he has directed that his younger ſons fortunes ſhall be placed out at intereſt upon undoubted ſecurities, ſo ſoon as it can be done. Thoſe who have any demands are deſired to make them immediately known.

THOMAS NELSON, | HUGH NELSON,
THOMAS NELSON, jun. | RO. C. NICHOLAS.